



Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

Excellon Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "Excellon") has prepared this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Results ("MD&A") for the three-and-six-month periods ended June 30, 2026 in accordance with the requirements of National Instrument 51-102 ("NI 51-102").

This MD&A contains information as at August 27, 2026 and provides information on the operations of the Company for the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026 and 2025 and subsequent to the period end, and should be read in conjunction with the condensed consolidated financial statements for the three-and-six-months ended June 30, 2026 and 2025, and the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024, which have been filed under Excellon's profile on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca). The audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All figures in this MD&A are in thousands of United States dollars (\$'000) unless otherwise noted.

BUSINESS AND STRATEGIC PRIORITIES	2
KEY DEVELOPMENTS	2
ASSET SUMMARY	3
OUTLOOK.....	3
FINANCIAL REVIEW	4
COMMON SHARE DATA AS AT AUGUST 27, 2026	6
LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES	6
CONTINGENCIES	9
ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS	9
BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND RISKS.....	10

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

BUSINESS AND STRATEGIC PRIORITIES

Excellon's vision is to realize opportunities through the acquisition and advancement of quality precious and base metal assets, leveraging an experienced management team for the benefit of its employees, communities and shareholders. The Company is focused on the potential restart of the Mallay Silver Mine in Peru. Excellon also holds a portfolio of exploration-stage projects, including the Tres Cerros Gold/Silver Exploration Property in Peru; Kilgore, an advanced gold project in Idaho, and Silver City, a high-grade epithermal silver district in Saxony, Germany, providing additional growth upside.

The common shares of Excellon trade on the Toronto Venture Stock Exchange (the "TSXV") under the symbol "EXN", the OTC in the United States under the symbol "EXNRF", and on the Frankfurt Stock Exchange under the symbol "E4X2".

KEY DEVELOPMENTS

- **Mallay Restart and First Concentrate Production:** Advanced the staged restart through completion of process plant refurbishment and wet commissioning, continued underground development and the accumulation of stockpiled material. The Company commenced mill pre-commissioning and produced its first concentrates, processing approximately 12,000 tonnes of stockpiled material in July. Dewatering also advanced sufficiently to commence rehabilitation of the 400 Ramp below the 4090 Level.
- **Independent Mallay Mineral Resource Estimate:** Announced a first independent NI 43-101 mineral resource estimate ("MRE") for Mallay comprising Indicated Mineral Resources of 890,000 tonnes grading 195 g/t silver, 3.33% lead and 4.83% zinc, and Inferred Mineral Resources of 362,000 tonnes grading 149 g/t silver, 2.67% lead and 4.32% zinc. The MRE totals 12.01 Moz AgEq grading 420 g/t Indicated and 4.00 Moz AgEq grading 344 g/t Inferred. The supporting technical report, prepared by SGS Canada (Geological Services) with an effective date of February 18, 2026, was filed on SEDAR+ on April 8, 2026.
- **Mallay Drilling and Resource Growth:** Continued infill drilling targeting the Isguiz vein and adjacent Footwall Zone, with results being incorporated into the geological model and restart planning. Three drill rigs are active at Mallay targeting confirmation drilling at depth and near-mine exploration, including the Isguiz system, Pierina, Mallay Deeps and Shafra targets.
- **Tres Cerros Exploration Advancement:** Expanded the Tres Cerros land package by approximately 52% to 3,310 hectares through the acquisition of two additional mineral concessions. The Company continued permitting and drill preparation for an initial approximately 5,000-metre program, with surface sampling and drill-target identification underway in anticipation of initial drilling.
- **Saxony Silver Financing:** Saxony Silver Corp. completed a C\$2.125 million private placement at a C\$20.8 million pre-money valuation, reducing Excellon's undiluted ownership interest from 75% to approximately 68%. The financing provides dedicated funding for exploration activities at the Silver City Project and supports the Company's strategy to unlock the project's value.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

- **Financing and Debt Elimination:** Closed a bought deal private placement and concurrent private placement in March 2026 for aggregate gross proceeds of approximately C\$21.8 million. The Company repaid its US\$1.25 million promissory note, together with accrued interest, on May 1, 2026, and in August 2026, substantially all remaining convertible debenture principal was converted into common shares, with the residual balance repaid in cash. As a result, the Company has no outstanding debt, strengthening its financial position as it advances the Mallay restart and exploration activities in Peru.

ASSET SUMMARY

Refer to the Company's Annual Information Form ("AIF") for a detailed overview of the Company's exploration projects, including mineral resource estimates, and the Company's website for an overview of the Mallay Silver Mine and the Tres Cerros Gold/Silver Exploration Property in Peru.

OUTLOOK

Mallay Mine – Advancing Restart and Ramp-Up

- **Controlled Mill Ramp-Up:** Continue the pre-commissioning and ramp-up of the Mallay processing plant, focusing on optimizing grinding, reagent consumption, metallurgical recoveries, concentrate quality and operating consistency. Subject to satisfactory operating performance and development progress, the Company intends to progressively increase throughput toward the plant's nameplate capacity of approximately 600tpd.
- **Underground Development and Deeper Access:** Continue underground development from areas accessible through the 4090 Level while advancing dewatering and rehabilitation of the 400 Ramp. This work is intended to provide access to deeper mineralized areas, establish additional drilling platforms and support a sustainable supply of mineralized material for the processing plant.
- **Definition Drilling and Mine Planning:** Integrate the results from underground definition and infill drilling into geological model, mine plan and production schedule. Refine the delineation and sequencing of initial mining areas, improve grade and production visibility and support a disciplined ramp-up strategy.
- **Near-Mine Exploration and Resource Growth:** Focus on the Isguiz system, Pierina, Shafra, Mallay Deeps and the emerging Footwall Zone. Including confirmation and step-out drilling, a targeted six-hole, approximately 3,500-metre program at Shafra combined with downhole electromagnetic geophysics, and further evaluation of the Footwall Zone through drilling, metallurgical work and controlled blending. These programs are intended to identify additional mineralized inventory and improve future mining flexibility.
- **Advancing Tres Cerros:** Continue surface sampling, drill-target definition, permitting and field preparation across the expanded 3,310-hectare Tres Cerros property. Excellon has completed environmental baseline and archaeological studies and anticipates submission of the Environmental Impact Declaration ("DIA") to Peru's Ministry of Energy and Mines by year-end, with an initial drill program at Tres Cerros anticipated in the first half of 2027.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

Kilgore Project, Idaho

Kilgore is an advanced exploration-stage project located in Clark County, Idaho. A preliminary economic assessment (PEA) was completed on Kilgore in 2019 that demonstrated potential as a low-cost, open pit, heap-leach mining operation. The Company acquired Kilgore for approximately US\$20 million in 2020 at a time when the average gold price was approximately US\$1,600/oz. Given the significant increase in the gold price since the PEA was completed, the Company continues to evaluate opportunities to realize and enhance value from the Kilgore Project, including potential advancement, strategic transactions or other alternatives.

Silver City Project, Optionality in Germany

Silver City, in the heart of the "Ore Mountains of Germany", is comprised of four mineral licences totalling 340 km². Excellon has invested approximately C\$8 million in exploration expenditures including over 22,000 metres of drilling over 2021 and 2022. Excellon believes this is an opportune time to be exploring for minerals in Europe. The European framework for minerals investment is rapidly changing to support domestic supply security and new "Saxon Raw Materials Strategy" supporting the importance of promoting a local mining industry.

Excellon will continue to assess the market for spin-out of the project. Priorities with a spin-out are to raise sufficient capital to adequately fund the next exploration campaign and at a valuation that justifies return on historical exploration capital. As the holding costs for Silver City are exceptionally low relative to other exploration jurisdictions globally, Excellon has the benefit of optionality and timing to successfully deliver the project into the capital markets. Following completion of Saxony Silver Corp.'s C\$2.125 million financing in May 2026, Excellon retained approximately 68% of Saxony Silver Corp.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Summary of Quarterly Financial Results

Financial statement highlights for the quarter ended June 30, 2026, and the last eight quarters are as follows:

	Q2 2026	Q1 2026	Q4 2025	Q3 2025	Q2 2025	Q1 2025	Q4 2024	Q3 2024
(in \$000's)	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Expenses:								
General and administrative	(1,716)	(1,233)	(1,084)	(805)	(436)	(580)	(751)	(606)
Exploration and holding expense	(833)	(113)	(134)	(174)	(35)	(17)	(40)	(154)
Other income (expense)	551	604	542	122	(25)	(13)	(3)	280
Finance expense	(423)	(440)	(450)	(374)	(480)	(349)	(577)	(295)
Net loss	(2,420)	(1,182)	(1,126)	(1,231)	(976)	(959)	(1,371)	(775)
Net loss per share, basic	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.01)

The following is a discussion of the material variances between H1 2026/2025.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

	Q2 2026	Q2 2025	H1 2026	H1 2025
Net loss	(2,420)	(976)	(3,602)	(1,935)

Net loss increased by \$1.4 million in Q2 2026 over Q2 2025, primarily driven by increases in administrative expenses (\$0.8 million), stock-based compensation expenses (\$0.5 million) and exploration and holding costs (\$0.8 million), partially offset by an increase in other income of \$0.6 million in Q2 2026.

Net loss for H1 2026 increased by \$1.7 million relative to the comparative period, primarily driven by a \$1.4 million increase in administrative expenses, a \$0.6 million increase in stock-based compensation expenses and a \$0.9 million increase in exploration and holding costs, partially offset by an increase in other income of \$1.2 million in H1 2026.

Exploration and holding expenses	833	35	946	52
---	------------	-----------	------------	-----------

Exploration and holding costs increased \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million for the three-and-six-month periods ended June 30, 2026, relative to the comparative periods, driven by exploration at Mallay and Tres Cerros, acquired in June 2025.

General and administrative expenses	1,716	436	2,949	1,016
--	--------------	------------	--------------	--------------

General and administrative expenses, include personnel costs, office, overhead, corporate development, legal, public company costs and share-based compensation, and were \$1.3 million and \$1.9 million higher in Q2 and H1 2026, relative to the comparative periods, driven primarily by the increase in administrative expenses following the acquisition of Minera CRC in June 2025, and the capitalization of 2025 legal and professional fees to the Mallay Acquisition, as well as an increase in stock-based compensation costs of \$0.5 million and \$0.6 million respectively.

Other (income) expense	(551)	25	(1,155)	38
-------------------------------	--------------	-----------	----------------	-----------

Other income expense includes realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains and losses, interest income and other non-routine income or expenses, if any.

Other income increased by \$0.6 million and \$1.2 million in Q2 2026 and H1 2026 over the comparative periods, primarily driven by unrealized foreign exchange gains in 2026, of \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million respectively.

Finance expense	423	480	862	829
------------------------	------------	------------	------------	------------

Finance expenses include interest on the convertible debentures using the effective interest rate method, interest on the promissory note and accretion on provisions. Finance expenses are in line with the comparative period despite the reduction in interest on the convertible debentures as principal is redeemed, as this has been generally offset by the increase in accretion on Peruvian provisions. As at the date of this MD&A, no debentures remained outstanding.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

COMMON SHARE DATA AS AT AUGUST 27, 2026

Common shares issued and outstanding	440,781,956
Stock options	13,290,000
DSUs	8,195,420
RSUs	2,485,000
Warrants (\$0.15, expiry Dec 2026)	9,714,300
Warrants (\$0.15, expiry May 2028)	24,217,238
Fully diluted common shares	498,583,914

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The condensed consolidated financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Refer to Note 2 of the condensed consolidated financial statements for discussion of the material uncertainties which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

	June 30, 2026	December 31, 2025
Cash and cash equivalents	10,558	7,161

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$3.4 million at June 30, 2026 relative to December 31, 2025, primarily driven by net proceeds from the March 2026 private placement of \$14.7 million, \$1.5 million from the Saxony Silver Corp. financing in May 2026 and warrant exercise proceeds of \$1.5 million, partially offset by the repayment of the promissory note (\$1.25 million) and interest on the convertible debentures (\$0.1 million). The Company invested \$7.7 million in restart and development costs at the Mallay Mine and used \$4.1 million in operating activities including exploration and holding costs, general and administrative costs and working capital.

Working capital	6,730	(5)
------------------------	--------------	------------

Working capital, defined as current assets less current liabilities, improved by \$6.7 million at June 30, 2026 relative to December 31, 2025. Current liabilities decreased by \$0.7 million driven primarily by the repayment of the \$1.25 million promissory note, while current assets increased by \$6.1 million reflecting primarily increase in cash and cash equivalents discussed above, and increases in inventory and other current assets related to the Minera CRC.

	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Investing activities	(7,527)	(1,880)

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

The Company invested \$7.7 million in restart and development costs at the Mallay Mine and received \$0.1 million in interest income in H1 2026. In H1 2025 the Company invested \$1.9 million in upfront funding and transaction costs related to the Minera CRC acquisition.

	June 30, 2026	June 30, 2025
Financing activities	16,333	5,166

The H1 2025 financing activities relate to the proceeds of the private placements, net of transaction costs. In H1 2026, The Company received net proceeds from the March 2026 private placement of \$14.7 million, \$1.5 million from the Saxony Silver Corp. financing in May 2026 and warrant exercise proceeds of \$1.5 million, partially offset by the repayment of the promissory note (\$1.25 million) and interest on the convertible debentures (\$0.1 million).

Financial instruments

All financial assets and financial liabilities, other than derivatives, are initially recognized at the fair value of consideration paid or received, net of transaction costs, as appropriate, and subsequently carried at fair value or amortized cost. The carrying values of payables and accruals, VAT recoverable, other VAT liabilities, the restricted cash and other current assets are considered to be reasonable approximations of their respective fair values due to the nature of these instruments, unless otherwise noted.

The Company's financial results are sensitive to changes in foreign exchange and interest rates, and the Company may periodically consider hedging such exposure. The Company's Board of Directors together with executive management has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management framework. The Company may address its price-related exposure to foreign exchange through the use of options, futures, forwards and derivative contracts.

The Peruvian Sol ("PEN"), Mexican peso ("MXN"), Canadian dollar ("CAD"), Euro ("Euro") and US dollars ("USD") are the functional currencies of the Company, with currency exposures arising from transactions and balances in currencies other than the functional currencies. The fluctuation of the USD in relation to the PEN, CAD, MXN and the Euro impacts the reported financial performance of the Company.

Contractual obligations and commitments

The following table summarizes the recorded contractual obligations and commitments of the Company, including payments due for each of the next five years and thereafter as at the date of this MD&A:

	\$ 000				
	Total	Less than one year	1 – 3 years	4 – 5 years	After 5 years
Payables and accruals	5,518	5,518	-	-	-
Rehabilitation obligations – Peru ⁽¹⁾	5,856	-	-	-	5,856
Total:	11,374	5,518	-	-	5,856

(1) Minera CRC holds a \$5.9 million Carta Fianza deposit as required by the Peruvian Ministry of Energy and Mines in connection with the Mallay Mine Closure Plan

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

The Company has the following contractual commitments related to the Mallay Mine and Tres Cerros:

- **Royalty and Stream Agreements:** Adar Mining Corp. ("Adar") holds a 3% NSR royalty over Mallay and Tres Cerros, of which 0.5% may be repurchased by Excellon for US\$1.5 million within 18 months of commercial production. Adar also holds a Mallay stream providing for delivery of initially 5%, increasing to 8%, of refined lead and zinc until 12 million pounds of each have been delivered. The Company may terminate the remaining stream for US\$18 million through the first anniversary of commercial production or for US\$15 million after the initial two million pounds of both lead and zinc have been delivered, with the stream buyback expiring before the third anniversary of commercial production. Under the stream agreement, Mallay is required to achieve certain production commitments by December 23, 2026.
- **Tres Cerros Back-in Right Agreement:** Adar and M4G LLC may acquire a combined interest of up to 49% in Tres Cerros by paying 1.5 times their share of Excellon's qualifying exploration spending. The rights may be exercised within 120 days after Excellon delivers a qualifying preliminary economic assessment. Excellon is required to spend a minimum of US\$7.5 million on the property over three years.
- **Security over Mallay and Tres Cerros:** The Company's obligations to Adar under stream, royalty and back-in agreements are secured by security over Minera CRC's shares, assets, minerals and the Mallay and Tres Cerros properties. Adar's security is subject to agreed subordination principles under which Glencore would hold senior security if the Company draws under the Glencore facility.

Other Commitments

Other than the Mallay Mine, the Company's projects are at varying stages of exploration advancement. Generally, the Company budgets exploration expenditures on an annual basis and does not commit to long-term drilling contracts. Exploration expenditures may be highly variable depending on ongoing results and a host of other factors, including available funds, permitting and changes in local or geopolitical risks. The Company does not currently have any development projects that require committed funding.

In Peru, commitments relate to annual concession fees associated with the Company's mineral concessions. In Idaho, commitments relate to annual claim fees associated with the Company's mineral claims. There are no annual fees associated with exploration licences in Saxony, Germany. Each of the commitments outlined below may vary depending on operational and/or exploration results or geopolitical conditions, which may lead the Company to expand or relinquish all or part of a project.

The following table summarizes the Company's significant unrecognized commitments as of the date of this MD&A (in thousands of US dollars):

Project	Type	\$ 000				
		Total	Less than one year	1 – 3 years	4 – 5 years	After 5 years ⁽¹⁾
Kilgore	Fees	640	128	256	256	-
Mallay and Tres Cerros	Fees	225	45	90	90	-
Tres Cerros	Exploration	6,500	2,500	4,000	-	-

(1) Concession and claim fees continue until the relinquishment or expiration of the applicable concessions or claims.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies can be either possible assets or possible liabilities arising from past events which, by their nature, will only be resolved when one or more future events not within the Company's control occur or fail to occur. The assessment of such contingencies inherently involves the exercise of significant judgment and estimates of the outcome of future events. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings or regulatory or government actions that may negatively impact the Company's business or operations, the Company, with assistance from its legal counsel, evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims or actions.

Legal proceedings

The Company is involved in legal proceedings and business disputes from time to time arising from the normal course of business. Management, after consultation with legal counsel, believes that the outcome of these proceedings will not have a material impact on the Company's condensed consolidated financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

On April 21, 2025, the Company announced that it had received a statement of claim in which it has been named as a defendant in an action commenced by Javier Martinez Lomas in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice, related to prior litigation against a former indirect Mexican subsidiary of Excellon. The plaintiff is seeking, among other things, damages in the amount of approximately US\$23 million. The claim arises from a prior dispute in Mexico involving a former subsidiary of Excellon that operated independently under Mexican law. The matter was fully litigated in the Mexican courts, where due process was followed, and the matter was believed to be resolved. The Company believes that the lawsuit is an opportunistic attempt to relitigate a dispute that has already been addressed under Mexican law. Excellon believes that the claims in the action are without merit, and will take all appropriate steps to defend the action and seek dismissal of the claim. Management believes the probability of outflow related to this matter is remote.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND INTERNAL CONTROLS

Disclosure Controls & Procedures and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") are designed to provide reasonable assurance that all relevant information is gathered and reported to management, including the President & CEO and CFO, on a timely basis so that appropriate decisions can be made regarding public disclosure.

Internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR") means a process designed by or under the supervision of the President & CEO and CFO, management and other personnel to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS. Management use the criteria set forth in Internal Control – Integrated Framework (2013) ("COSO 2013") issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission to evaluate the effectiveness of the Company's ICFR.

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

The internal controls are not expected to prevent and detect all misstatements due to error or fraud.

As a venture issuer, the Company is not required under *National Instrument 52-109 Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* to certify the design and evaluation of DC&P and ICFR. However, Management relies on existing controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that material information relating to the Company is made known to them on a timely basis and that financial reporting is reliable and prepared in accordance with IFRS.

Accounting policy, estimates and judgements

Accounting standards issued but not yet effective

The Company has not early adopted any standard, interpretation or amendment that has been issued but is not yet effective.

Significant accounting estimates and judgements

The Company's significant accounting policies are described in Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2025. The preparation of the consolidated financial statements require management to make estimates, assumptions and judgements that may have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements. These estimates, assumptions and judgements are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, however actual outcomes can differ. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised.

BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT AND RISKS

Risks and uncertainties

The Company's business entails exposure to certain risks, including but not limited to: metal price risk; foreign exchange risk, since the Company reports in United States dollars but operates in jurisdictions that use other currencies; the inherent risk of uncertainties in estimating Mineral Resources; political risk associated with operating in foreign jurisdictions; environmental risks; surface rights and access; enforcement of legal rights; and risks associated with labour relations issues. The current or future operations of Excellon are or will be governed by and subject to federal, state and municipal laws and regulations regarding mineral taxation, mineral royalties and other governmental charges. Any change to the mineral taxation and royalty regimes in the jurisdictions in which Excellon plans to operate could have an adverse financial impact on the Company's planned operations and the overall financial results of the Company, the extent of which cannot be predicted. For additional discussion of risk factors refer to the Company's AIF which is available under the Company's profile on SEDAR+.

ADDITIONAL SOURCES OF INFORMATION

Additional disclosures pertaining to the Company, including its AIF, audited and unaudited interim financial statements, management information circular, material change reports, news releases and other information, are available under Excellon's profile on SEDAR+ or on the Company's website (www.excellonresources.com).

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

CAUTIONARY STATEMENTS ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND OTHER MATTERS

Forward-Looking Statements

All statements, other than statements of historical fact, contained or incorporated by reference in this Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2026 and the accompanying financial statements for the same period (together, the "Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure") constitute "forward-looking statements" and "forward looking information" (collectively, "**forward-looking statements**") within the meaning of applicable Canadian and United States securities legislation. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as: "advancing", "aim", "alternatives", "believes", "considering", "contemplated", "contingencies", "continuing", "could", "demonstrated", "development", "de-risking", "discovery", "early-stage", "evaluate", "expected", "exploration", "estimate", "focus", "further", "future", "goals", "indicate", "initial", "intends", "investigate", "may", "model", "monitor", "near-term", "new", "observation", "ongoing", "opportunities", "option", "outlook", "pending", "pipeline", "plan", "potential", "priorities", "program", "project", "proposed", "proposition", "prospective", "prospecting", "provide", "provision", "re-assaying", "reassessing", "relogging", "review", "risk", "samples", "seeking", "should", "strategic", "studies", "subject to", "survey", "target", "test", "timelines", "trend", "uncertainties", "viability", "vision", "will" and "would", or variations of such words, and similar such words, expressions or statements that certain actions, events or results can, could, may, should, will (or not) be achieved, happen, occur, provide, result or support in the future or which, by their nature, refer to future events. In some cases, forward-looking information may be stated in the present tense, such as in respect of current matters that may be continuing, or that may have a future impact or effect. Forward-looking statements include statements regarding opportunities, outlook and strategic alternatives (including any form, aspect, value or other impacts thereof); advancing a portfolio of assets; mineralization, mineralized area or footprint, or mineral deposits (including potential, grade, further definition or expansion or extension, continuation, openness and location); mineral resource estimates (including tonnes, grade, and any expansion, increase, conversion or reclassification thereof; see also below in these Cautionary Statements under "Mineral Resources", "U.S. Readers" and "Preliminary Economic Assessments (or PEAs)"); exploration programs and activities (including prospectivity or potential (and any increase thereof), targets and assessments or interpretations of drilling and results thereof to date); any other acquisition and other strategic opportunities; closure and reclamation (including activities, expenditures, costs and provisions, and timing thereof); pending or ongoing regulatory, administrative, litigation or other legal proceedings, and provisions therefor, and assessments and outcomes thereof or recourse thereunder; compliance with and maintenance and effects of controls, policies, procedures, processes and systems of the Company; Excellon's vision (including the realization of opportunities, the means thereof and basis therefor); and any benefits or any other implications of any of the foregoing. Although the Company believes that such statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct, and any forward-looking statements by the Company are not guarantees of future actions, results or performance. Forward-looking statements are based on assumptions, estimates, expectations and opinions, which are considered reasonable and represent best judgment based on available facts, as of the date such statements are made. If such assumptions, estimates, expectations and opinions prove to be incorrect, actual and future results may be materially different than expressed or implied in the forward-looking statements. The estimates, expectations and opinions referenced or contained in the 2025 Financial Disclosure, which may prove to be incorrect, are subject to a number of assumptions which include those set forth or referenced in the Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure, the Company's Management's Discussion and Analysis, and accompanying financial statements, for the year ended December 31, 2025 (collectively, the "**FYE 2025 Financial Disclosure**"), the Company's AIF, the current technical reports for the Company's projects (collectively, the "**Technical Reports**") and the Company's other applicable public disclosure (collectively, "**Company Disclosure**"), all available under the Company's profile on SEDAR+ (www.sedarplus.ca) and/or on its website at www.excellonresources.com. Forward-looking statements are inherently subject to known and unknown risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors which may cause the actual plans, results, performance or achievements of the Company to differ materially from any future results, plans, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

factors include, among others, that the project infrastructure requirements and anticipated processing methods, risks related to partnership or other joint operations; actual results of current exploration activities; variations in mineral resources, mineral production, grades or recovery rates or optimization efforts and sales; the ability to obtain on a timely basis, and maintain, necessary permits and other approvals; delays in obtaining financing or in the completion of development or construction activities; uninsured risks, including pollution, cave ins or hazards for which insurance cannot be obtained; regulatory changes; defects in title; availability or integration of personnel, materials and equipment; inability to recruit or retain management and key personnel; performance of facilities, equipment and processes relative to specifications and expectations; unanticipated environmental impacts on operations; market prices; production, construction and technological risks related to Excellon; capital requirements and operating risks associated with the operations or an expansion of the operations of Excellon; dilution due to any future acquisitions or other transactions; fluctuations in gold, silver, lead, zinc and other precious metal prices and currency exchange rates; inability to successfully complete new development projects, planned expansions or other projects within the timelines anticipated; adverse changes to market, political and general economic conditions or laws, rules and regulations applicable to Excellon; changes in project parameters; the possibility of project cost overruns or unanticipated costs and expenses; accidents, labour disputes, community and stakeholder protests and other risks of the mining industry; risk of an undiscovered defect in title or other adverse claim; and the "Risk Factors" in the Company's AIF, and the risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors identified in the 2025 Financial Disclosure, the Technical Reports and other applicable Company Disclosure. The foregoing list of risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors is not exhaustive; readers should consult the more complete discussion of the Company's business, financial condition and prospects that is provided in the Company's AIF and the other aforementioned Company Disclosure. Although Excellon has attempted to identify important factors that could cause plans, actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements in the Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure and the other Company Disclosure referenced herein, there may be other factors that cause plans, actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There is no assurance that such statements will prove to be accurate as actual plans, results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements or information. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements in the Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure, nor in the documents incorporated by reference herein. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements referenced or contained in the Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure are expressly qualified by these Cautionary Statements, together with those below, as well as the Cautionary Statements in the Company's AIF, the Technical Reports and other applicable Company Disclosure. Forward-looking statements contained herein are made as of the date of the Q2 2026 Financial Disclosure (or as otherwise expressly specified) and the Company disclaims any obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or results or otherwise, except as required by applicable laws.

Mineral Resources

Until mineral deposits are actually mined and processed, mineral resources must be considered as estimates only. Mineral resource estimates that are not classified as mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability. The estimation of mineral resources is inherently uncertain, involves subjective judgement about many relevant factors and may be materially affected by, among other things, environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant risks, uncertainties, contingencies and other factors described in the foregoing Cautionary Statements on Forward-Looking Statements. The quantity and grade of reported "inferred" mineral resource estimates are uncertain in nature and there has been insufficient exploration to define "inferred" mineral resource estimates as an "indicated" or "measured" mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading "inferred" mineral resource estimates to an "indicated" or "measured" mineral resource category. The accuracy of any mineral resource estimates is a function of the quantity and quality of available data, and of the assumptions made and judgments used in engineering and geological interpretation, which may prove to be unreliable and depend, to a certain extent, upon the analysis of drilling results and statistical inferences that may ultimately prove to be inaccurate. The quantity and grade of an "inferred" mineral resource estimates are uncertain in nature

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

and there has been insufficient exploration to define "inferred" mineral resource estimates as an "indicated" or "measured" mineral resource and it is uncertain if further exploration will result in upgrading "inferred" mineral resource estimates to an "indicated" or "measured" mineral resource category. Mineral resource estimates may have to be re-estimated based on, among other things: (i) fluctuations in mineral prices; (ii) results of drilling and development; (iii) results of geological and structural modeling including stope design; (iv) metallurgical testing and other testing; (v) proposed mining operations including dilution; and (vi) the possible failure to receive and/or maintain required permits, licences and other approvals. It cannot be assumed that all or any part of a "inferred", "indicated" or "measured" mineral resource estimate will ever be upgraded to a higher category including a mineral reserve.

The mineral resource estimates referenced in the 2025 Financial Disclosure were estimated, categorized and reported using standards and definitions using the CIM Standards in accordance with NI 43-101 of the CSA, which governs the public disclosure of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects by Canadian issuers such as Excellon.

The mineral resource estimates disclosed and/or referenced in the 2025 Financial Disclosure were reported in accordance with National Instrument 43-101 of the Canadian Securities Administrators ("NI 43-101") using Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum ("CIM") Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (the "CIM Standards") and applying the CIM's Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves Best Practices guidelines (as applicable). For additional discussion of the Company's mineral resource estimates at the Company's projects, as well as an overall more detailed discussion of such projects, the reader should refer to the Company's AIF and the applicable Technical Reports.

U.S. Readers

The terms "mineral resource", "measured mineral resource", "indicated mineral resource" and "inferred mineral resource" as disclosed by the Company are Canadian mining terms defined in the CIM Standards (collectively, the "CIM Definitions") in accordance with NI 43-101. NI 43-101 establishes standards for all public disclosure that a Canadian issuer makes of scientific and technical information concerning mineral projects. These Canadian standards differ from the requirements of the SEC applicable to United States domestic and certain foreign reporting companies under Subpart 1300 of Regulation S-K ("S-K 1300"). Accordingly, information describing mineral resource estimates for the Company's projects, may not be comparable to similar information publicly reported in accordance with the applicable requirements of the SEC, and so there can be no assurance that any mineral resource estimate for the Company's projects would be the same had the estimates been prepared per the SEC's reporting and disclosure requirements under applicable United States federal securities laws, and the rules and regulations thereunder, including but not limited to S-K 1300. Further, there is no assurance that any mineral resource or mineral reserve estimate that the Company may report under NI 43-101 would be the same had the Company prepared such estimates under S-K 1300.

The 2025 Financial Disclosure may also contain information with respect to adjacent or similar mineral properties in respect of which the Company has no interest or rights to explore or mine. The Company advises United States investors that the SEC's mining guidelines strictly prohibit information of this type in documents filed with the SEC. Readers are cautioned that the Company has no interest in or right to acquire any interest in any such properties, and that mineral deposits on adjacent or similar properties are not indicative of mineral deposits on the Company's properties.

Preliminary Economic Assessments (or PEAs)

A PEA, is only a conceptual study of the potential viability of the subject project's mineral resource estimates, and the economic and technical viability of the project and its estimated mineral resources has not been demonstrated. A PEA is preliminary in nature and provides only an initial, high-level review of the subject project's potential and design options; there is no certainty that a PEA will be realized. The conceptual LOM plan and economic model in a PEA include numerous assumptions and mineral resource estimates including inferred mineral resource estimates. Inferred mineral resource estimates are considered to be too speculative geologically to have any economic considerations applied to such estimates. Under NI 43-101, estimates of inferred

Management's Discussion & Analysis of Financial Results

For the three and six-month periods ended June 30, 2026

mineral resources may not form the basis of feasibility studies, pre-feasibility studies or other economic studies, except in prescribed cases, such as in a preliminary economic assessment under certain circumstances. There is no guarantee that inferred mineral resource estimates will be converted to indicated or measured mineral resources, or that indicated or measured mineral resources can be converted to mineral reserves. Mineral resources that are not mineral reserves do not have demonstrated economic viability, and as such there is no guarantee the economics described in any PEA, will be achieved. Mineral resource estimates may be materially affected by environmental, permitting, legal, title, taxation, socio-political, marketing, or other relevant risks, uncertainties and other factors, as more particularly described in the foregoing other Cautionary Statements of this MD&A.

Qualified Persons

Allan Armitage, Ph.D., P.Geo. of SGS Geological Services an independent Qualified Person as defined by NI 43-101, has reviewed and approved the Mineral Resource Estimate (MRE) and the scientific and technical information relating to the MRE contained in this MD&A. Armitage completed a site visit to the project on December 12-13, 2025. Mr. Paul Keller, P. Eng., Qualified Person, reviewed, verified and approved the scientific and technical information related to the Kilgore and Silver City Projects contained in this MD&A. Mr. Steven L. Park, M.Sc., C.P.G., an independent consulting geologist and a Qualified Person as defined in NI 43-101, reviewed and approved the scientific and technical information related to the Tres Cerros Project in this MD&A.